

FOREIGNERS IN RUSSIAN CAPITAL ARE READY FOR FLIGHT

official organ, says the reopening of the negotiations with the Russians cannot be expected for some time.

Dr. von Kuchemann, the German Foreign Secretary, says the newspaper, will employ the interval in conducting negotiations with Roumania, for which purpose he left for Bucharest Thursday. The Roumanian delegates already have arrived there. A despatch to the Exchange Telegraph from Petrograd, dated Thursday, says:

"Retirement of the Northern Army is complicated by the fact that the Fifth Army is barring the road, encumbering it in disorderly retreat. To save the situation the Bolsheviks are sending Red Guard detachments from units which are not entirely disorganized."

"Pending the German reply to Trotsky's peace offer, the commander of the western front has ordered the retreating armies to avoid fighting with the enemy and to destroy their ammunition."

A despatch to the Express from Petrograd says that Trotsky stated Wednesday for Dvinsk "to take measures to liquidate the new hostilities."

It is stated in military circles that the Commander in Chief of the German invaders in the Grand Duke of Hesse, brother of the former Russian Emperor, says the newspaper.

The Koelnische Zeitung reports that most of the large towns and railway centers in Ukraine are now in the hands of the Bolsheviks.

An Exchange Telegraph despatch from Petrograd says the evacuation of Finland has been ordered by the Communists.

MANY IN PETROGRAD WOULD WELCOME THE COMING OF GERMANS

Property Owners Fear an Outbreak of Anarchy, Riot and Murder.

LONDON, Feb. 23.—Inhabitants of Petrograd await coming events with an outward calm, according to the latest despatches received here and continue to pursue their ordinary business life seemingly unconcerned over the great interests at stake.

The Daily Mail's Petrograd correspondent in a despatch sent last Thursday repeats a statement that the majority would welcome the arrival of the Germans, fearing an outbreak of anarchy with riot and murder.

The bulk of the population, the correspondent says, is tired of revolution, tired of hunger and disorder, and tired of the uncertainty perpetually overhanging them, declaring that they are experiencing all of the disadvantages of the Czar's regime without any of its advantages.

RUSSIAN TROOPS NOW JOIN INVADERS' ARMY

BERLIN, Feb. 23.—German forces are still advancing on the northern front toward Petrograd and also on the southern front. The official statement says:

"Army Group of Gen. von Eichenhorn—in Estonia (one of the Baltic provinces) Hapsal has been captured. The First Estonian Regiment has placed itself at the disposal of the German command."

"In Livonia our column pressed on beyond Rönneburg, Wolmar and Spandau. Our troops marched into Rezhitsa (125 miles southeast of Riga and 53 miles northwest of Dvinsk) amid the rejoicings of the inhabitants. Thence they pushed on to Leudin. Minsk has been occupied."

"Army Group of Gen. von Lindegen—Progress has been made in assisting Ukraine in her struggle for freedom. At Novograd-Volynski we came into touch with Ukrainian detachments and other columns marching on Dubno. (Dubno is one of the fortresses in the famous Volhynia triangle. Kovno and Lutsk, the other two, have been taken by the Germans.)"

Emperor William replied to a message from the Lubecsk Senate, appealing to him to help the Estonians, as follows:

"Your words have found a lively echo in my heart. The despairing cry of distress which is ever more urgently reminding our ears from the Baltic country shall not go unheeded. Effective measures must be taken to safeguard the tortured population from the burning and plundering of robber hordes and the state of complete lawlessness."

The Russian commander of the north front reports the enemy advancing in detachments of from 100 to 200 men, taken from different regiments, showing that they are volunteers and not regular units.

SCHOOLBOY WHO ROBBED KAISER'S CASTLE IN PRISON

Youth of Seventeen Confessed He Stole \$25,000 Worth of Valuables and Sold Whole for \$65.

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 30 (by mail to Associated Press).—Karl Wilke, a seventeen-year-old schoolboy who burglarized the German Emperor's castle at Wilhelmshof last November, has been sentenced to nine months' imprisonment by the German courts.

At the trial he stated that he needed money to buy a \$50 restaurant bill incurred in celebrating his birthday. He thereupon committed several successful burglaries at the interior castle, obtaining \$25,000 worth of valuables, which he took from the Emperor's private collection and sold to an antique dealer for \$65.

TREATY TO MAKE RUSSIA A GERMAN TRADE PROVINCE

Petrograd Expects Such a Demand and "Can't Refuse" if Peace Is Made.

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PETROGRAD, Feb. 23 (via London, Feb. 23).—The Germans are coming along the line of railroad leading from Dvinsk through Pskoff to Petrograd. It is reported that they are meeting with some opposition, and the newspapers speak of a defense to be made at Pskoff, but this latter report carries no conviction.

The wording of the German message requesting the Bolshevik Government to put into writing the statement expressing willingness to accept the German terms does not reveal whether the Germans themselves are willing to sign. The Bolshevik leaders, who immediately complied with the German demand and transmitted their message in writing to Dvinsk, express the conviction, however, that the Germans will sign a peace on the terms offered at the Brest-Litovsk conference.

The Russians admit at the same time that a commercial treaty binding Russia for many years, making it in fact a German commercial province, would be difficult to refuse. The Communists are not unanimous on the advisability of taking such a step.

Regret at sending the telegram to the Germans is resulting to-night in an attempt within the Central Executive Committee of the Soviets to cause the Left Social Revolutionists to bolt if this happens. It may lead to a new set of Communists or may throw the Social Revolutionists back into the body of the party. But political changes now can change nothing effectively.

One thing is certain. The Germans will either sign a peace that pleases them or enter Petrograd, perhaps both.

It is a shock to see the delight of the Petrograd bourgeois at the prospect of the Germans coming, as the bourgeois think, to restore property to its owners. They are repeating gleefully tales of Dvinsk citizens meeting the Germans with bands. These reports are probably not true, but they show the spirit of this city.

Many people are abroad this evening, going to the theatres, etc., for the first time in weeks, as if the approach of the Germans were a protection against the highwaymen who have been infesting every quarter of the city.

The Pravda, the leading Bolshevik organ, prints a leading article on the advisability of building a crematorium in Petrograd as a civil advancement on burials. The Pravda also gives prominence on the project of building a statue to Karl Marx.

REICHSTAG HAS ADOPTED THE UKRAINE TREATY

BERLIN, Feb. 23.—The Main Committee of the Reichstag yesterday adopted the peace treaty between Germany and the Ukraine.

Colt Says Congress Stands by Wilson

Senator Declares Constitution Gives Wide War Power—No Fear of Dictatorship.

PROVIDENCE, Feb. 23.—Congress will continue to place wide powers and the resources of the Nation in the hands of President Wilson, and the country need have no fear of a dictatorship," Senator Colt declared yesterday in an address to the State General Assembly.

"Congress," he said, "finds in the great war powers conferred by the Constitution abundant justification for clothing our Commander in Chief with every authority necessary to win the war. But when the war ends we shall retain on the statute books no more of the present legislation than is compatible with public interest and in full accord with the personal rights of the individual under the Constitution."

PHILIPPINES GIVE WARSHIPS.

\$2,000,000 Bond Issue for Torpedo Boat and Submarine.

MANILA, Feb. 23.—Gov. Harrison has signed a law authorizing the flotation in the United States of a \$2,000,000 bond issue. The money will be used to finance the construction of the torpedo boat fleet and one submarine to be given by the Philippines to help America in the war.

James J. Baughen, former Director of Internal Revenue, has been sworn in as Director of the Bureau of Customs, established by the last Legislature. J. Trinidad has been appointed Director of Internal Revenue. He is the first Filipino to occupy the post.

PRINCESS "PAT" A COLONEL.

Appointed Honorary Commander of "Queen's" Canadian Infantry.

OTTAWA, Feb. 23.—Her Royal Highness, Princess Patricia, has been appointed as Honorary Colonel in Chief of the "Princess Patricia's Canadian Light Infantry," according to a London despatch to Reuters' Agency here.

French Artillery Reserves in Lorraine Sector; American Troops May Be Using These Very Guns



It is well known that the French have loaned many guns to the United States Army and that American troops are holding a sector of the Lorraine front.

GERMANY IS OFFENDED BY POLISH MANIFESTO

Publishing After Reading in Reichsrath at Vienna Declared Piece of Gross Stupidity.

LONDON, Feb. 23.—The publication by the Vienna official news agency of the Polish manifesto reflecting upon Germany has given great offense, says the Zurich correspondent of Reuters' Limited.

According to the Munich Neueste Nachrichten the German Ambassador at Vienna has been instructed to demand an explanation. The newspaper adds that the reading of the manifesto in the Reichsrath gave immunity to its publication, but that it was a piece of gross stupidity on the part of the official agency to publish it broadcast.

PRO-GERMAN NEWSPAPER QUOTES AMERICAN CONSUL

State Department Does Not Believe Alleges Would Seek Peace.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 23.—With repeated evidences of increased activities in neutral countries by German propagandists the American Government is giving sharp attention to its diplomatic service. Dissatisfaction has been aroused in some official quarters that American diplomatic representatives abroad have not worked more vigorously to offset the lying and intriguing of German agents.

In view of the German work to discredit the United States wide discussion here has followed production of an alleged interview with Dominic J. Murphy, American representative and Consul General at Sofia, Bulgaria.

The interview, as published in the semi-official newspaper Kambana, credits Murphy with assurances that the United States will not war on Bulgaria, discredits the activities of former Ambassador Gerard in bringing about war between the United States and Germany, and predicts an early peace at the cost of the weary Allies.

The Kambana is thoroughly Germanophile, according to Allied diplomats here, and they see in the alleged interview an effort to discredit Murphy. Diplomats cannot believe that Murphy uttered the expressions accredited to him. The State Department is investigating.

THREE U. S. SOLDIERS WOUNDED IN ACTION

WASHINGTON, Feb. 23.—Gen. Pershing to-day reported one American soldier severely wounded and two slightly wounded in action Feb. 19.

Private Fred Kopanski was severely wounded. His sister, Mrs. J. M. Franz, lives in Chicago.

Corporal William Bowers of Westville, Okla., and William Riley of Switzer, Ky., were slightly wounded.

The following deaths were reported: Privates Walter S. Reynolds, Beaver Falls, Pa., gunshot wounds; James Rouland, New Britain, Conn., fractured skull; Lawrence A. Witherspoon, Portland, Ore., pneumonia; Edward Barton, Coolsville, O., pneumonia.

PLAGUE RAGING IN CHINA.

Pneumonic Epidemic Threatens All of North Country.

BOSTON, Feb. 23.—The pneumonic plague has broken out in Shanghai Province, China, and has assumed such proportions that all North China is seriously threatened. Advice to this effect were received today by the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions from members of its staff in North China.

Unchecked in North China the plague, the board believes, would prove more devastating than famine, flood and war combined. The disease is the same that ravaged Manila five years ago and killed off thirty or forty thousand people before it was checked.

51 U. S. ARMY MEN KILLED WHILE TRAINING FOR FIGHTING IN THE AIR

Secretary Baker Declares Losses Among Great Number of Aviators Are Remarkably Low.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 23.—"Since the United States entered the war there have been fifty-one fatalities at military aviation fields in this country. Ten were commissioned officers and twenty-nine cadet flyers. Twelve men were killed in unauthorized flights and ground accidents."

This announcement was authorized to-day by Secretary of War Baker. In reply to an inquiry he said:

"Since the training of aviators began in this country our student aviators have flown considerably more than 100,000 miles. Considering the large number of men in training and the number of miles flown, the fatalities have been remarkably low."

"Taking into account the ordinary hazards of their occupation, the development of a comparatively new art, and the ratio of accidents in the everyday field of endeavor, it is felt that the fatality record among America's student aviators will compare favorably with those of other countries, and, while distressing, is not discouraging."

978 BOMBS ARE DROPPED ON GERMAN WORKS IN WEST

Billets, Railway Sidings and Air-dromes Attacked by British Air Raiders.

LONDON, Feb. 23.—British airmen on the western front continue their extensive bombing raids and in air fighting on Thursday accounted for nine German airplanes. The official statement on activities issued last night follows:

"The weather improved Thursday and more than 300 bombs were dropped on the enemy's billets and railway sidings at Courtrai and Ledeghem and southeast of Douai. In air fighting seven hostile machines were brought down and two others were driven down out of control. Three of our machines are missing."

During the night our airplanes dropped 478 bombs, of which 200 went on the air-drome southeast of La Chatre used by the enemy's night bombing squadron. The other bombs were dropped on air-dromes in the neighborhood of Ghent and Tournai and on billets. One of our machines did not return."

U. S. CONSUL QUILTS TO FIGHT.

Gottschalk Coming From Rio to Join Regiment.

RIO DE JANEIRO, Feb. 23.—The American Consul here has left for the United States to request permission to join his regiment and fight for his country.

HAVANA ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward (starting 1917) at Havana, Feb. 23: 1st, Waring, 100; 2nd, Bado, 112; 3rd, Bado, 112; 4th, Bado, 112; 5th, Bado, 112; 6th, Bado, 112; 7th, Bado, 112; 8th, Bado, 112; 9th, Bado, 112; 10th, Bado, 112.

SECOND RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward (starting 1917) at Havana, Feb. 23: 1st, Waring, 100; 2nd, Bado, 112; 3rd, Bado, 112; 4th, Bado, 112; 5th, Bado, 112; 6th, Bado, 112; 7th, Bado, 112; 8th, Bado, 112; 9th, Bado, 112; 10th, Bado, 112.

TURKS BEGIN OFFENSIVE AND TAKE BLACK SEA PORT

Attack in the Caucasus Started Before Expiration of Armistice Agreed Upon.

LONDON, Feb. 23.—The Turkish Army in the Caucasus has begun an offensive, a correspondent of the Exchange Telegraph Company wires from the headquarters of the Russian western army. The attack was started before the expiration of the armistice. The Turks occupied Platana and paralyzed the evacuation of the Caucasian corps which is now grouped along the coast.

Platana is a small Turkish port on the Black Sea coast in the Vainet of Trebizond, fifteen miles west of the city of Trebizond, and 100 miles west of the Russian border. At the height of their successes in Turkey the Russians pushed considerably west of Platana and also well to the south, occupying all of Turkish Armenia.

Occupation of Platana would cut off the retreat of Russian forces along the coast west of that point.

SCOTS CARRY OUT RAID AND CAPTURE GERMANS

Prisoners Brought Back by British at Two Points on the Western Front.

LONDON, Feb. 23.—"A successful raid was carried out last night by Scottish troops in the neighborhood of Montchyle-Peux," says to-day's War Office report. "We captured a few prisoners. Prisoners were also brought in by our patrols east of Wythachte."

"The hostile artillery was active during the night in the neighborhood of the Menin Road and south of Houtholst Forest."

FARMERS TO PUT TICKET UP AT STATE ELECTION

Agrarian Party Plans Laid at Secret Session of Whitman Foes in Syracuse.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Feb. 23.—An independent agrarian political party will make its appearance in the State elections this fall as part of the general protest of farmers throughout the State who are dissatisfied with the way the State administration is handling agricultural and food problems. This declaration was reached after the meeting of the New York State Federation of Agriculture held here on Wednesday. It was learned to-day.

Prof. Samuel Frazer of Rochester and Beth J. Bush, author of the resolutions asking for the resignation of Charles H. Betts from the Food Commission and farms and markets council, were leaders at the secret session.

The plans call for an entire State ticket from Governor to Assemblymen in every rural district of the State. None but farmers will be named.

ALBANY, Feb. 23.—Has Charles F. Betts resigned as Secretary to the Council of Farms and Markets or has he not? This question is puzzling agricultural circles to-day. According to a well authenticated report Friday afternoon, Betts had filed his resignation to take effect at once.

Betts to-day denies this. He does admit now that it had been "suggested" to him that he resign.

FEDERAL JUDGE ACCUSED.

It is Charged That He Favored Enemies of Draft.

HELENA, Mont., Feb. 23.—United States Judge George M. Bourquin will be asked to resign if a resolution introduced yesterday in the House is passed. Successful prosecution of sedition cases is impossible before Bourquin, the resolution states, and citizens alleged inability to draft soldiers. The resolution was referred to a committee. Bourquin has heard the biggest mining suits in the history of such litigation here.

PACKERS CARE FOR WORKERS' HEALTH, NURSE DECLARES

Armours' Former Welfare Chief Tells of Sick Relief and Vacation Camp.

CHICAGO, Feb. 23.—Harvey G. Ellord, Chief of the Welfare Department of Armour & Co., was cross-examined by Attorney Frank P. Walsh to-day in the stock yards warehouse arbitration proceedings. He denied that a majority of the seventy-five men on the firm's pension list were strikebreakers in 1914. Ellord also said the majority of accidents occur on Mondays.

"Do you wish to give the impression that this is because of drunkenness on Sundays?" inquired Mr. Walsh.

"No, I am not explaining it," Miss Catherine Brady, formerly in charge of the visiting nurse work in the Armour and Company Welfare and Relief Department, said she and her two assistants made between 1,200 and 1,500 nursing calls in 1917. In addition 3,000 pills were made to give advice and financial relief to poor families.

"I have at my disposal an emergency fund which I use at my discretion," said the witness. "When an employee is absent two days from work we investigate and do everything necessary for the person's relief."

The witness said Armour and Company conduct a summer vacation camp at Round Lake, Ill., for women employees. It accommodates forty and each visitor is allowed to stay two weeks and is given \$10 a week. The women employees most in need of rest are sent to the camp.

Miss Mary McCarthy, in charge of the welfare work for Swift and Company, denied the stories of poverty and suffering told by Mrs. Eva Maciowski and Mrs. Katie Lysoyarski, widows of former employees of Swift and Company, who were called as witnesses for the employees' side.

Mrs. Maciowski, the witness said, received \$200 from Swift and Company's Employees' Benefit Association when her husband died. Her husband had been a member of the association since he was a boy. Mrs. Lysoyarski, the witness said, received \$1,200 life insurance when her husband died and \$5 a week from Swift and Company, in addition to baskets of food three times a week and shoes for her children for a period of several months.

Both women are now working for Swift and Company.

\$2,000,000 PLANT BEGUN TO BUILD 'U BOAT KILLERS'

Ford Company to Rush Anti-submarine Craft and Ship Them to Ocean by Water.

DETROIT, Mich., Feb. 23.—The Ford Motor Company began construction to-day of a \$2,000,000 shipbuilding plant to build the new "submarine killers." Contractors are expected to complete plant in seventy-five days. It will employ between 8,000 and 10,000 men and the building will occupy about five acres. Anti-U boat craft will be turned out in large numbers. Henry Ford announced the plant will be completed in 100 days.

The plant will be finished can be sailed down the Great Lakes to the ocean.

HAMILTON B. CLARK DEAD.

Helped Found United Press and Seattle and Frisco Papers.

SAN DIEGO, Cal., Feb. 23.—Hamilton B. Clark, one of the founders and for several years President of the United Press Association, died of heart failure early to-day at his country home, Chula Vista, near here. Mr. Clark was forty-seven years old and became identified with the Scripps of the San Diego News-Scripps in 1896. In 1898, with E. F. Chase and E. H. Wells, he founded the Seattle Star, and in 1907 he became one of the founders of the San Francisco Daily News. In 1907 he became one of the founders of the United Press. He sold all his newspaper interests about two years ago.

TIGHTEN SHIP CENSORSHIP.

No More Lists of Incoming Vessels Will Be Issued.

The United States censorship on ship news was tightened this afternoon when it was announced at the Customs House that no more lists of incoming vessels will be issued.

A similar censorship existed earlier in the war, but it was relaxed, and the list of vessels arriving from Europe was issued. This list named the ships, but did not name the ports of arrival.

NO BANK GRAFT NOW.

Glass Explained His Reserve System Changes Applied to Past.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 23.—His charges of graft in the Federal Reserve system should have been applied to banking conditions some time ago, not now. Representative Carter Glass declared to-day. Glass admitted that, in explaining the new amendments to the Reserve Act, he neglected to make plain his distinction. "Every statement and question should have been applied to previous conditions," Glass said to-day.

EDGE APPOINTS BAIRD FOR PART OF THE HUGHES TERM IN U. S. SENATE



Former Sheriff of Camden County, N. J., to Serve Until the Election in November.

TRENTON, N. J., Feb. 23.—Gov. Edge to-day announced the appointment of David Baird, a Republican and former Sheriff of Camden County, as United States Senator from New Jersey, to succeed temporarily to the vacancy created by the death of William Hughes of Paterson, Democrat.

Baird, who will be seventy-nine years old in April, and who has been active in politics for more than half a century, will serve until November, when a successor will be elected to serve until the expiration of the Hughes term, March 3, 1915. A United States Senator to serve the full six years' term beginning March 4, 1915, will also be elected at the same time.

Gov. Edge told Baird the people of New Jersey insisted the appointee must uphold President Wilson in every move to win the war and in accepting the tender Baird pledged himself to that duty.

BORDEN AND LAURIER BOTH GOING TO LONDON

Canadian Premier and Rival Leader to Attend the Coming Imperial Conference.

MONTREAL, Quebec, Feb. 23.—Sir Robert Borden, Canadian Premier, and Sir Wilfrid Laurier, Opposition leader in the House of Commons, will attend an Imperial conference in London next month, presided over by King George, La Patrie, the leading French paper here, announced to-day.

The conference has been called so that the overseas dominions can be consulted in connection with the Allied spring drive.

GERMAN-AMERICAN ALLIANCE DENOUNCED

WASHINGTON, Feb. 23.—Suggestions of a possible German slush fund at the disposal of the National German-American Alliance were made before the Senate Judiciary Committee to-day by Senator Olinger, Cleveland lawyer, at a hearing on Senator King's bill to revoke the charter of the alliance.

Its expenditures, Olinger said, exceeded its legitimate receipts from dues. His name is a misnomer, the real object of the American people, successful attempts of the German propaganda throughout the United States. Olinger conducted a private investigation into the organization's activities. He quoted extracts from its official publication expressing hatred for all things Anglo-Saxon and a contempt for the American people. Successful attempts of the German propaganda throughout the United States. Olinger conducted a private investigation into the organization's activities. He quoted extracts from its official publication expressing hatred for all things Anglo-Saxon and a contempt for the American people. Successful attempts of the German propaganda throughout the United States. Olinger conducted a private investigation into the organization's activities. 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